



Programming with Android: Layouts

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Views: outline

- ❖ Main difference between a Drawable and a View is reaction to events
- ❖ Could be declared in an XML file
- ❖ Could also be declared inside an Activity
- ❖ Every view has a unique ID
- ❖ Use `findViewById(int id)` to get it
- ❖ Views can be customized



Some useful **methods**

- ❖ `getLeft()`
- ❖ `getTop()`
- ❖ `getMeasuredWidth()`
- ❖ `getMeasuredHeight()`
- ❖ `getWidth()`
- ❖ `getHeight()`
- ❖ `requestLayout()`
- ❖ `invalidate()`



ViewGroup and layout

- ❖ ViewGroup is a view container
- ❖ It is responsible for placing other views on the display
- ❖ Every layout must extend a ViewGroup
- ❖ Every view needs to specify:
 - ❖ android:layout_height
 - ❖ android:layout_width
 - ❖ A dimension or one of match_parent or wrap_content



Layouts

- ❖ Some layouts are pre-defined by Android
- ❖ Some of these are
 - ❖ LinearLayout
 - ❖ RelativeLayout
 - ❖ TableLayout
 - ❖ FrameLayout
 - ❖ AbsoluteLayout
- ❖ A layout could be declared inside another layout



LinearLayout

- Dispose views on a single row or column, depending on `android:layout_orientation`
- The orientation could also be declared via `setOrientation(int orientation)`
 - orientation is one of `HORIZONTAL` or `VERTICAL`
- Has two other attributes:
 - `gravity`
 - `weight`



LinearLayout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"  
    android:layout_height="fill_parent"  
    android:orientation="vertical" >          <!-- Also horizontal -->  
  
<Button  
    android:id="@+id/button1"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:text="@string/buttonString1" />  
  
<Button  
    android:id="@+id/button2"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:text="@string/buttonString2" />  
</LinearLayout>
```



LinearLayout



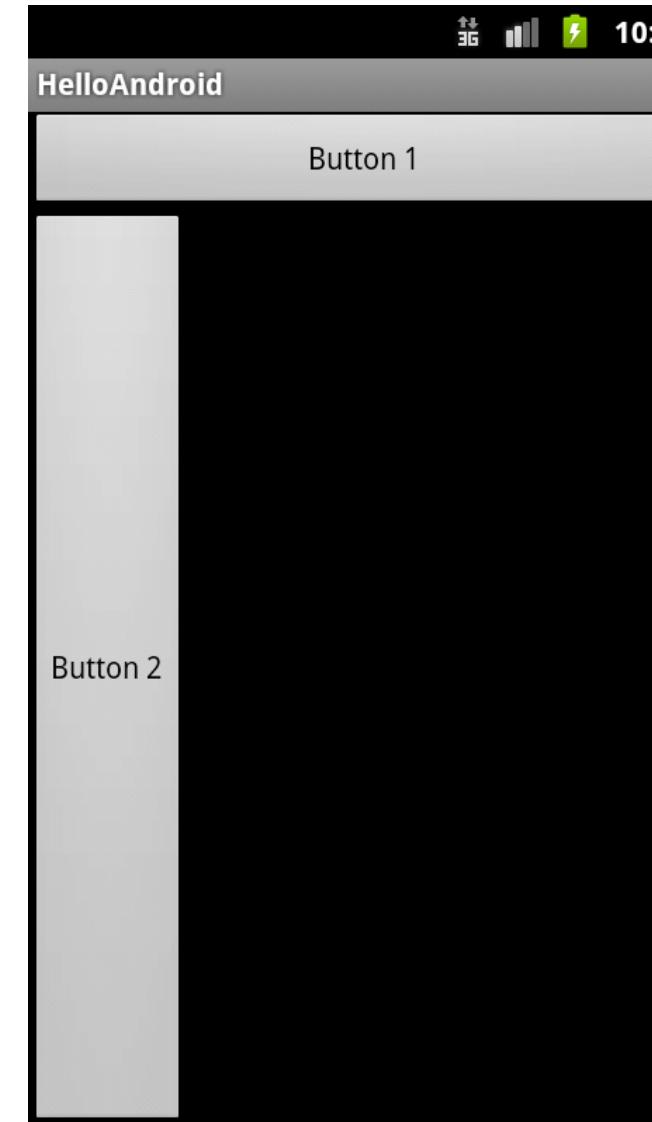
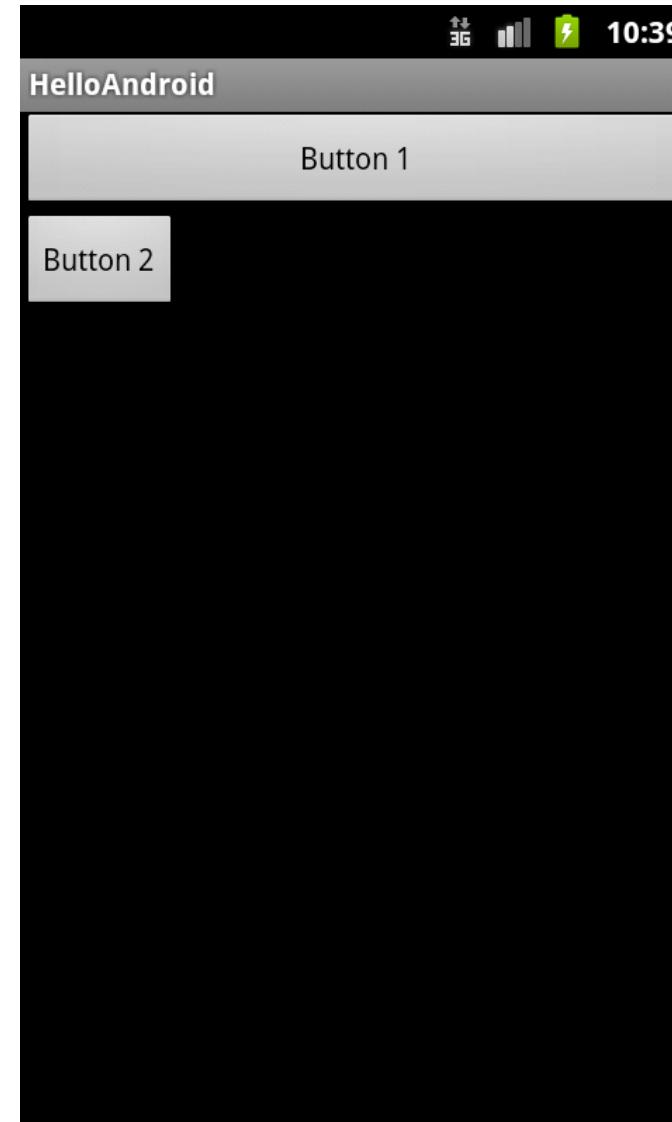
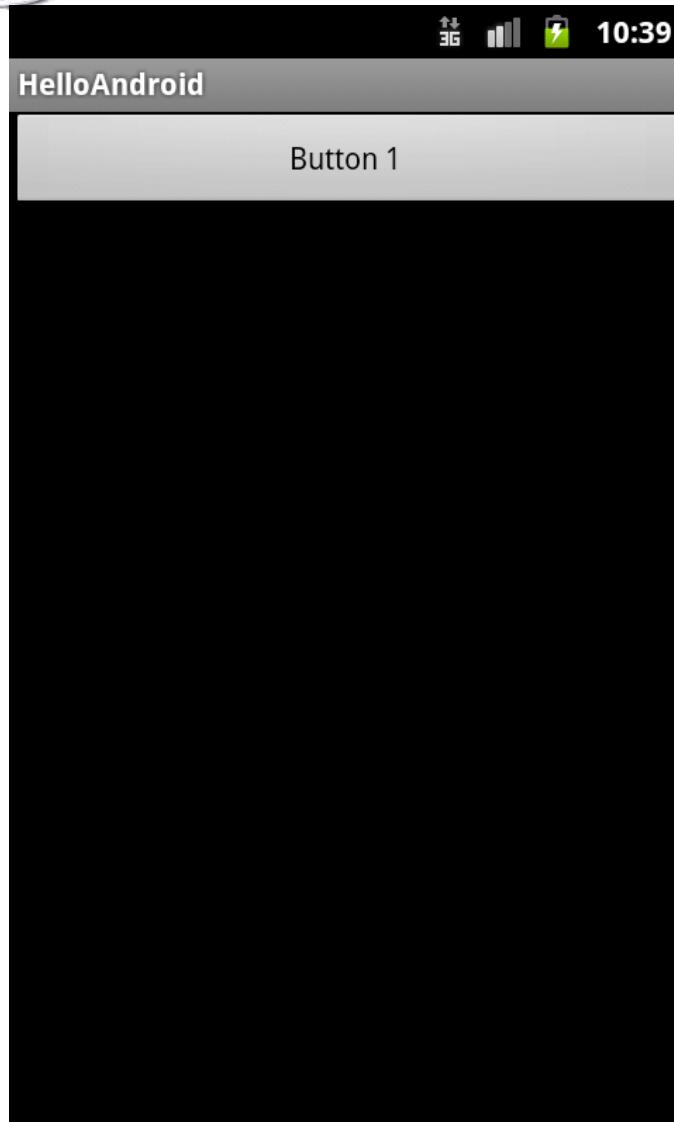


LinearLayout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"  
    android:layout_height="fill_parent"  
    android:orientation="vertical" >  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button1"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString1" />  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button2"  
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
        android:layout_height="match_parent"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString2" />  
</LinearLayout>
```



LinearLayout



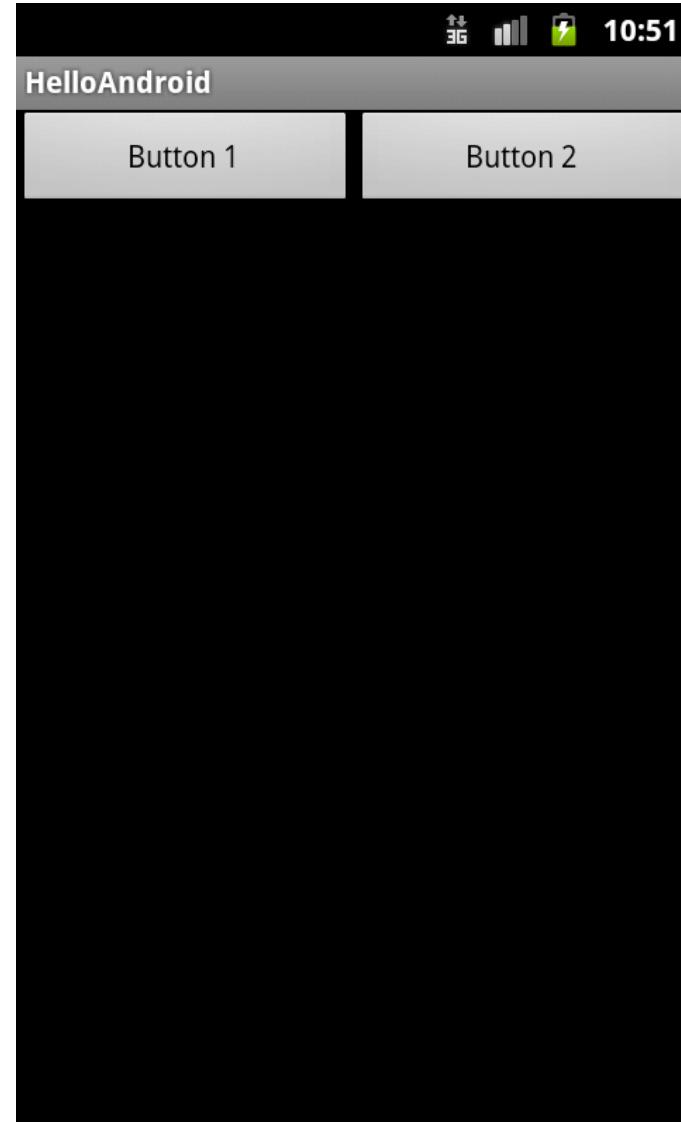
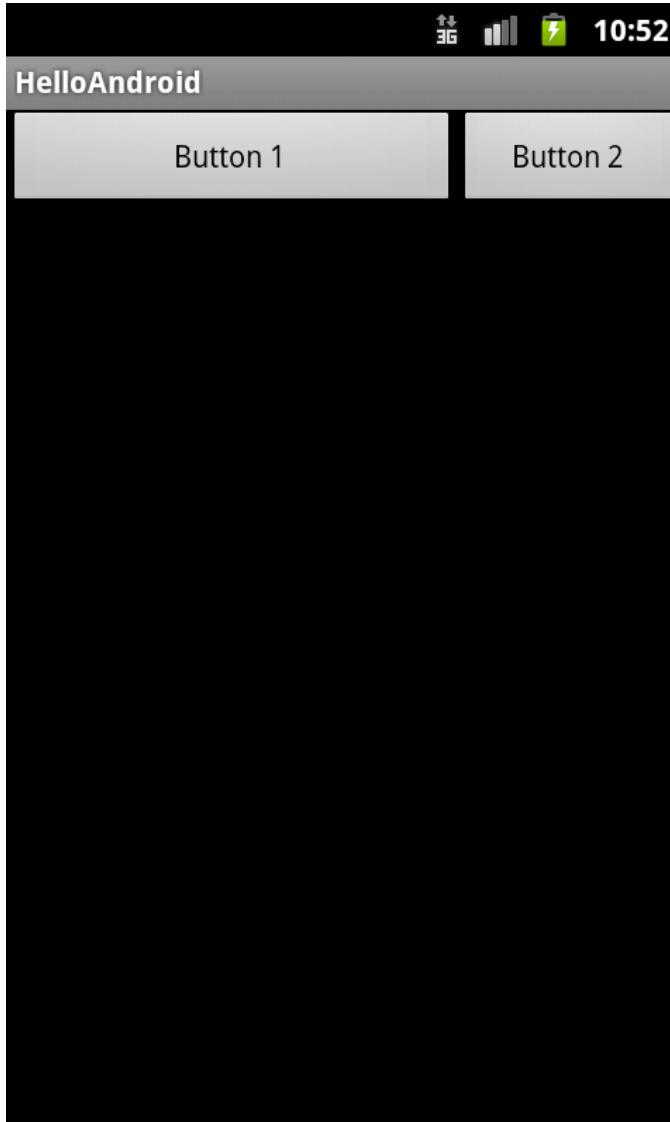


LinearLayout weight

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"    android:layout_height="fill_parent"    android:orientation="horizontal" >  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button1"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString1"  
        android:layout_weight="1" />  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button2"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString2"  
        android:layout_weight="2"      />  
</LinearLayout>
```



LinearLayout weight



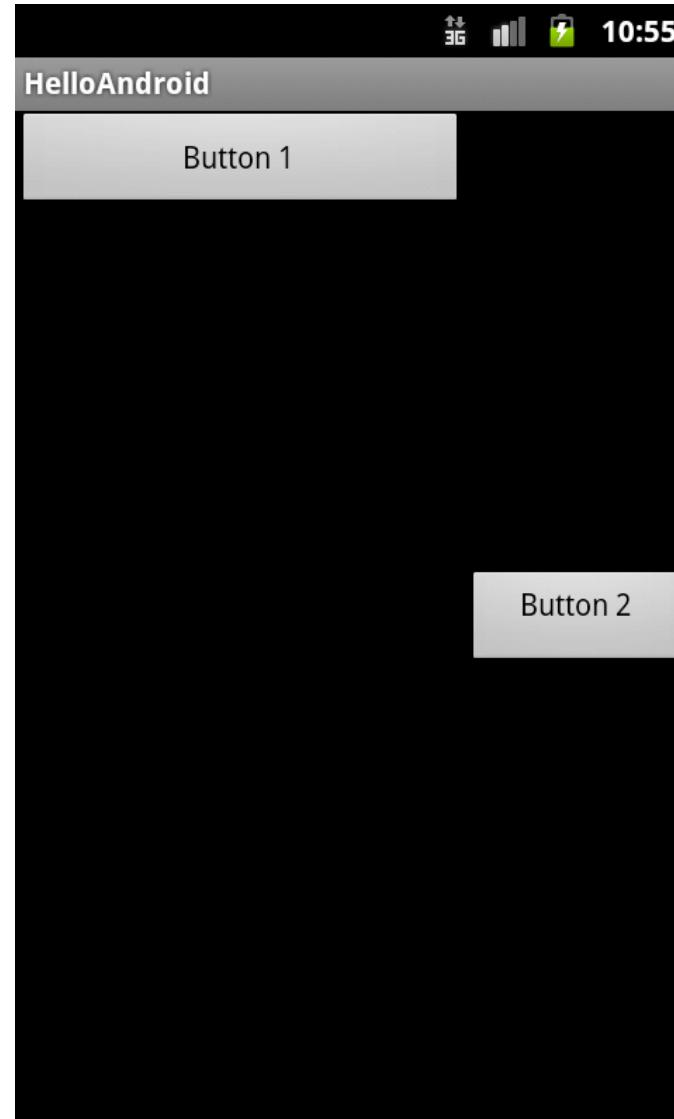


LinearLayout gravity

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"    android:layout_height="fill_parent"    android:orientation="horizontal" >  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button1"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString1"  
        android:layout_weight="1" />  
  
    <Button  
        android:id="@+id/button2"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="@string/buttonString2"  
        android:layout_weight="2"  
        android:layout_gravity="center_vertical"  
        android:gravity="top|center" />  
  
</LinearLayout>
```

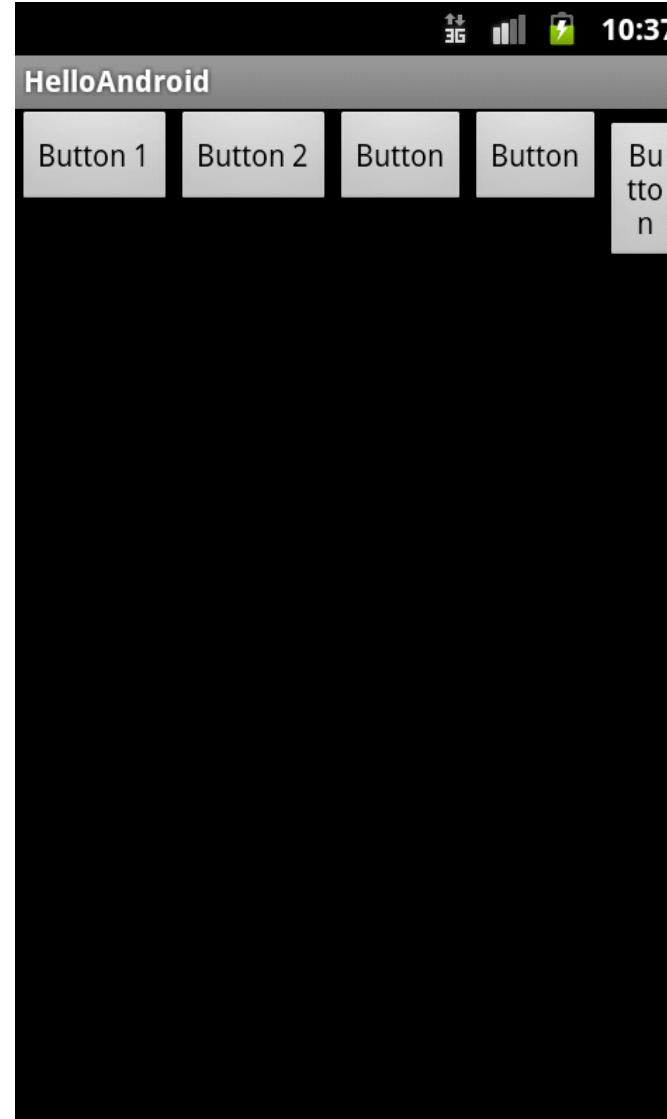


LinearLayout gravity





LinearLayout problem





RelativeLayout

- ❖ Disposes views according to the container or according to other views
- ❖ The **gravity** attribute indicates what views are more important to define the layout
- ❖ Useful to align views



RelativeLayout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"    android:layout_height="match_parent" >

    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/username"        android:text="username"
        android:inputType="text"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_alignParentRight="true"
        android:layout_toRightOf="@+id/usernameLabel" >
    </EditText>

    <TextView
        android:id="@+id/usernameLabel"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_alignBaseline="@+id/username"
        android:text="Username" />
```



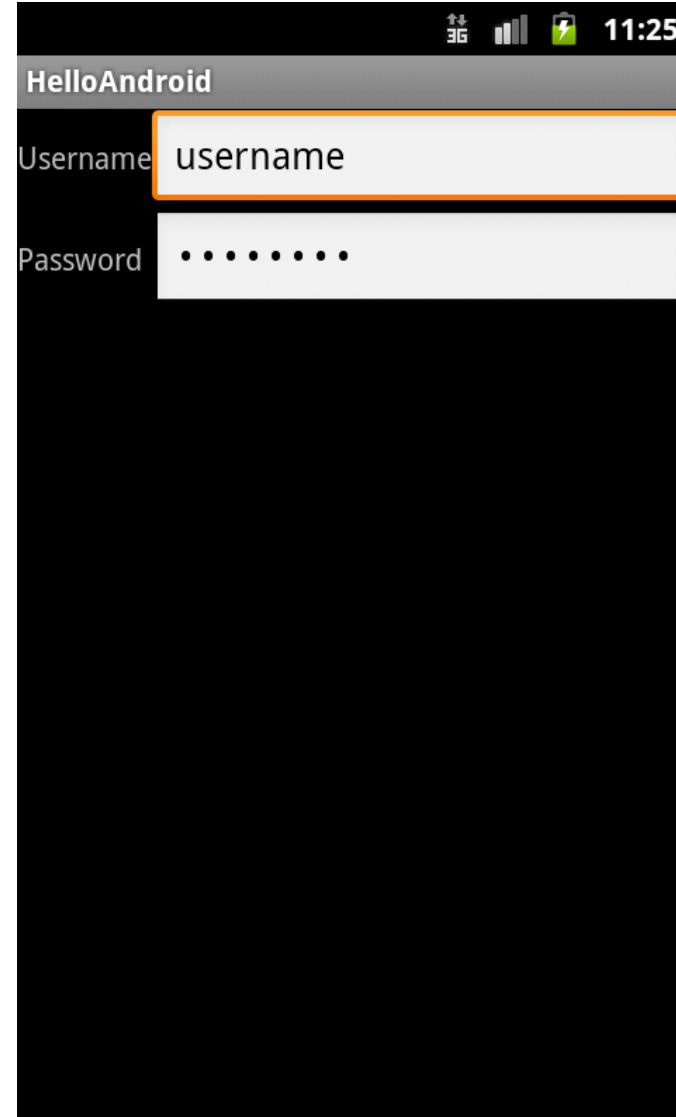
RelativeLayout

```
<EditText  
    android:id="@+id/password"    android:text="password"  
    android:inputType="textPassword"  
    android:layout_below="@+id/username"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_alignLeft="@+id/username"  
    android:layout_alignParentRight="true"  
    android:layout_toRightOf="@+id/usernameLabel" >  
</EditText>
```

```
<TextView  
    android:id="@+id/passwordLabel"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_alignBaseline="@+id/password"  
    android:text="Password" />  
</RelativeLayout>
```



RelativeLayout





TableLayout

- ❖ As the name say, similar to a Table
- ❖ Has some attributes to customize the layout:
 - ❖ android:layout_column
 - ❖ android:layout_span
 - ❖ android:stretchColumns
 - ❖ android:shrinkColumns
 - ❖ android:collapseColumns
- ❖ Each row is inside a <TableRow> element



TableLayout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<TableLayout android:layout_width="fill_parent"  
    android:layout_height="fill_parent" xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"      android:id="@+id/tableLayout">  
  
<TableRow android:layout_width="wrap_content" android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:id="@+id/firstRow">  
    <Button      android:id="@+id/button1"  
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="Button" />  
    <Button android:id="@+id/button2"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"  
        android:layout_height="match_parent"  
        android:text="Button" />  
    <Button android:id="@+id/button3"  
        android:layout_width="match_parent"  
        android:layout_height="match_parent"  
        android:text="Button" />  
</TableRow>
```

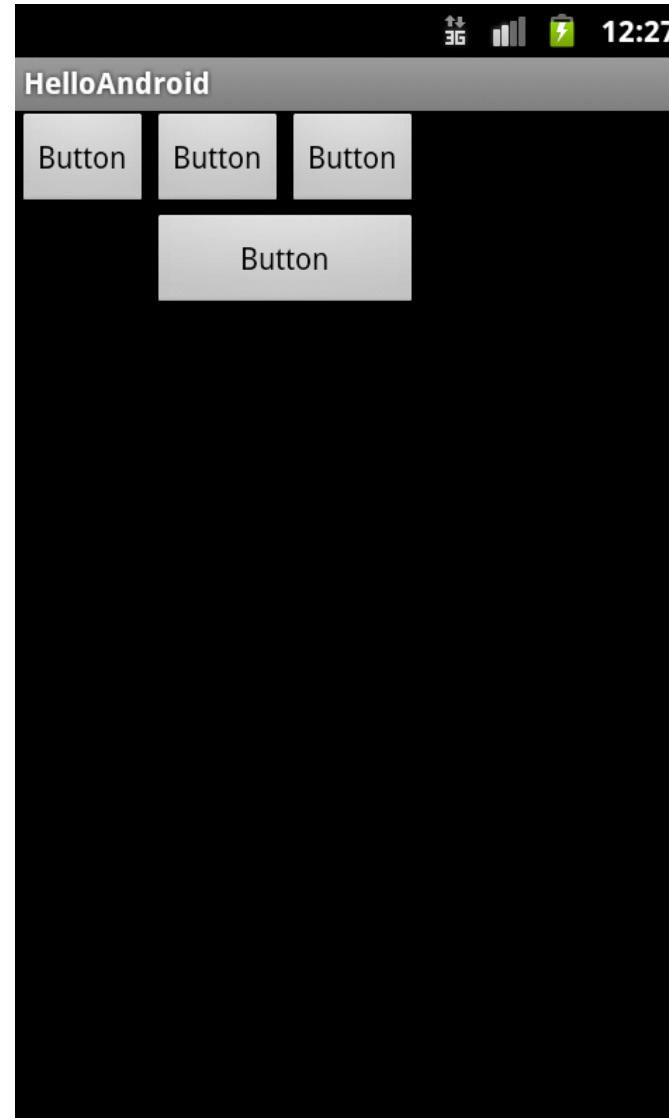


TableLayout

```
<TableRow  
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:id="@+id/secondRow">  
  
<Button android:layout_column="1"  
        android:layout_span="2"  
        android:id="@+id/button4"  
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
        android:text="Button">  
    </Button>  
</TableRow>  
  
</TableLayout>
```



TableLayout





FrameLayout and AbsoluteLayout

- ❖ FrameLayout
 - ❖ Adds an attribute, `android:visibility`
 - ❖ Makes the user able to define layouts managing the visibility of views
- ❖ AbsoluteLayout
 - ❖ Deprecated
 - ❖ Specify position with `x` and `y`
 - ❖ Pay attention to different resolutions



Adapters

- ❖ Used to visualize data
- ❖ Make a ViewGroup to interact with data
- ❖ Some methods:
 - ❖ isEmpty()
 - ❖ getItem(int position)
 - ❖ getCount()
 - ❖ getView()



AdapterView

- ❖ A ViewGroup subclass
- ❖ Its subchilds are determined by an Adapter
- ❖ Some subclasses:
 - ❖ ListView
 - ❖ GridView
 - ❖ Spinner
 - ❖ Gallery



ListView example

```
public class HelloAndroidActivity extends Activity {

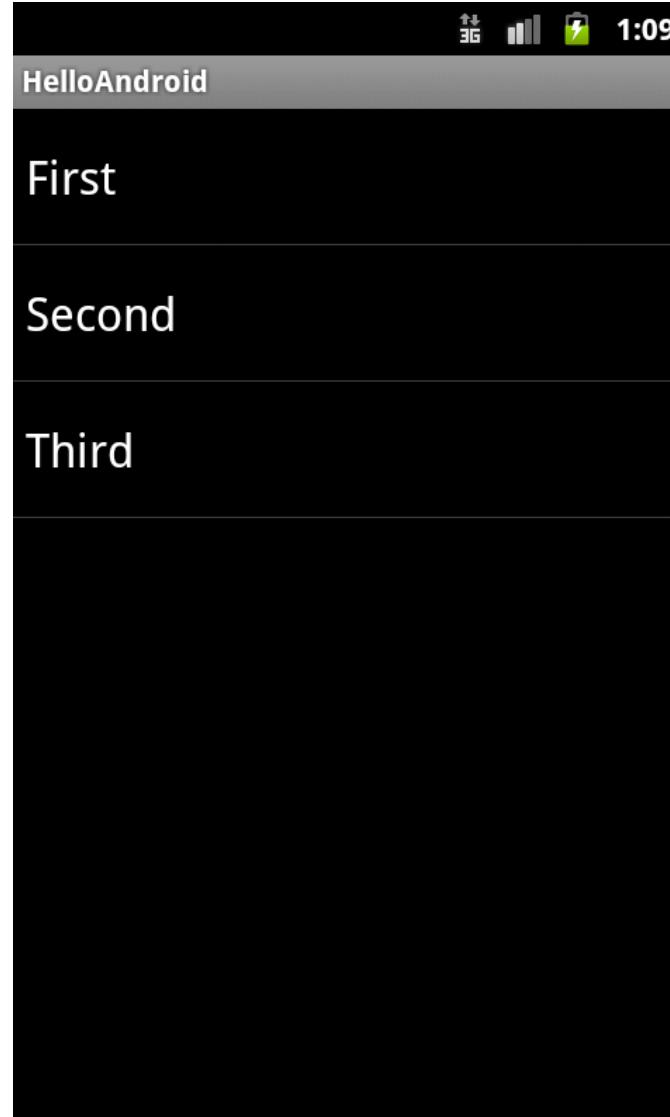
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.list);

        String[] data = {"First", "Second", "Third"};
        ListView lv = (ListView)findViewById(R.id.list);
        lv.setAdapter(new ArrayAdapter<String>(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, data));
    }
}

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ListView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:id="@+id/list" />
```



ListView





Other views/adapters

- ❖ Spinner, selection of multiple items
- ❖ Gallery, images
- ❖ ExpandableListView, list with hidden values
- ❖ TabWidget, tabbed layouts